FleetPC-4 In-Vehicle Computing

User's Manual Version 1.1



CARTFT.COM

User Manual

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This device complies to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2. This device must withstand any background interference including those that may cause undesired operation.

Safety Information

Read the following precautions before setting up a CARTFT.COM Product.

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area. If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

Operation safety

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter technical problems with the product, contact a qualified service technician or your retailer.

CAUTION

Incorrectly replacing the battery may damage this computer. Replace only with the same or its equivalent as recommended by CARTFT.COM Dispose used battery according to the manufacturer's instructions.

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5 Packing List

5.1	Packing List	

■ 1.1 Model Specifications

CPU	 Intel Atom N270 1.6GHz Processor with 533MHz FSB 			
Chipset	Intel 945GSE + ICH7M			
Memory	• 1 x DDRII-533 SO-DIMM Up to 2GB			
Display	 Integrated Intel GMA-950 GFx Core in 945GSE MCH 			
ATA	• 1 x Serial ATA port with 150MB/s HDD transfer rate			
LAN Chipset	2 x Intel 82574L Gigabit Ethernet			
Watchdog	• 1 ~ 255 level reset			
Serial Port	Support 2 x RS-232 with 5V/12V Output (COM1 with RS-232422485)			
USB Port	• 3 x USB 2.0 ports			
LAN	• 2 x RJ45 ports for GbE			
Video Port	 1 x DVI-I Female Connector for DVI-D and VGA Output 			
GPIO Port	 Support 2 in and 2 out with Relay 12V / 100mA 			
Audio	• Mic-in/Line-out			
Expansion Bus	• 2 x Mini-card slot			
Antenna	 4 x SMA-type External Antenna Connectors for WLAN / UMTS / GSM / GPRS / GPS / Bluetooth 			
Storage	 1 x 2.5" drive bay for SATA Type Hard Disk Drive / SSD 			
Qualification	• CE, FCC			
Power Input	9V - 36V DC Power Input with 1500VDC Isolation			
Power Protection	Automatics Recovery Short Circuit Protection			
Power Managemer	t • Vehicle Power Ignition for Variety Vehicle			
Power Off Control	 Power off Delay Time Setting by Software, Default is 5 Mins 			
Backup Battery	 Internal Battery Kit for 10 Mins Operating (Optional) 			

Operating	g Temp.	• -20 ~ -70°C (SSD), ambient w/ air		
Storage 7	Гemp.	• -40 ~ 80°C		
Relative I	Humidit	y• 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing)		
Vibration		• MIL-STD-810F, Method 514.5, Category 20, Ground Vehicle-Highway		
Truck Sto	orage	• MIL-STD-810F, Method 514.5, Category 24, Integrity Test		
Shock &	Crash	 Operating : MIL-STD-810F, Method 516.5, Procedure I, Trucks and semi-trailers=40G (11ms), Non-Operating 80G with SSD 		
Crash Ha	zard	• MIL-STD-810F, Method 516.5, Procedure V, Ground Equipment=100g		
Construc	tion	Aluminum alloy		
Mounting		 Supports both of wall-mount/VESA-mount 		
Weight		• 1406g		
Dimensio	ons	• 182 x 167.6 x 35mm		
		• 182 x 167.6 x 47mm (with battery kit)		

■ 1.2 FleetPC-4 Illustration





P System



1.3 Memory Module Installation

The FleetPC-4 provide one 200pins SODIMM slot for DDR2 533MHz SDRAM memory modules and supports memory sizes up to 2GB.

These DIMM slots are inteded for memory modules.



DDR2 SO-DIMM Slot 200-pin, 1.8V

Installing Memory Module

- 1. Locate the DIMM1 SO-DIMM slot. Align the notch on the DIMM with the key on the slot and insert the DIMM into the slot at 45-degree angle.
- 2. Push the DIMM gently forwards until the slot levers click and lock the DIMM in place. Follow the same procedures to install the second DIMM if necessary.
- 3. To uninstall the DIMM, flip the slot levers outwards and the DIMM will be released instantly.

Important

You can barely see the golden finger if the DIMM is properly inserted in the DIMM slot.

■ 1.4 Power Supply

5V/12V HDD Power Connector : JPWR1

This connector provides power to the hard disk drives.



PIN	SIGNAL	
1	GND	
2	VCC5	
3	+12V	

12V System Power Connector : PWR1

This connector provides power to the hard disk drives.



PIN	SIGNAL	
1	+12V	
2	+12V	
3	GND	
4	GND	
1		

Important

Power supply of 200watts (and above) is highly recommended for system stability.

1.5 Ignition Power Management Quick Guide

Startup/shutdown conditions from the IGNITION signal :

- 1. IGNITION startup signal must be valid during 10 sec. (anti noise protection).
- IGNITION shutdown IGNITION signal must be inactive during 5 minutes, then PIC controller initiate Power Button signal (OS must be set to shutdown from the Power Button). It generate Main Button shutdown event and then goes to complete power off.

Typically the system can start only from IGNITION signal, because startup PIC controller is disconnected from the power source.

The system can be switched off from:

- 1. Power IGNITION OFF signal.
- 2. ACPI OS shutdown
- 3. Power Button generate ACPI event (OS Dependent)



Power Management

- 1. Power-off delay time is selectable by BIOS to disable and enable in 5 min / 2Hrs.
- 2. Ignition On/Off status detectable by SW
- 3. If the ignition is off and the system is still on after 5 minutes, FleetPC-4 will shut down automatically.
- 4. If the ignition is turned on again and the power-off delay is in progress, FleetPC-4 will cancel the delay function and will continue to operate normally.
- 5. If the ignition is turned on again and the power-off delay ended, FleetPC-4 will shut down completely will power-on again automatically.

■ 1.6 RJ-45 LAN Connector LEDs



@ USB Port

The USB (Universal Serial Bus) port is for attaching USB devices such as keyboard, mouse, or other USB-compatible devices.

@ LAN

The standard RJ-45 LAN jack is for connection to the local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.



		Left LED	Right LED
		Active LED	100M/1000 Speed LED
LED Color		Yellow	Green/Orange
10M Cable	No Transmission	OFF	OFF
Plug-in	Transition	Yellow (Blinking)	OFF
100M Cable	No Transmission	OFF	Green (Lighting)
Plug-in	Transition	Yellow (Blinking)	Green (Lighting)
1000M Cable	No Transmission	OFF	Orange (Lighting)
Plug-in	Transition	Yellow (Blinking)	Orange (Lighting)
In S3/S4/S5 standby State		Green (Lighting)	OFF

@ DVI-I Port

The DVI-I (Digital Visual Interface-Integrated) connector allows you to connect an LCD monitor. It provides a high-speed digital interconnection between the computerand its display device. To connect an LCD monitor, simply plug your monitor cable into the DVI connector, and make sure that the other end of the cable is properly connected to your monitor (refer to your monitor manual for more information.)

Serial Port

The serial port is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/ receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a serial mouse or other serial devices directly to the connector.



RS232 Function

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION	
1	DCD	Data Carrier Detect	
2	RXD	Receive Data	
3	TXD	Transmit Data	
4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
5	GND	Signal Ground	
6	DSR	Data Set Ready	
7	RTS	Request To Send	
8	CTS	Clear To Send	
9	VCC_COM1	Voltage output, voltage select setting by J1	

RS485 Function

PIN	DESCRIPTION	
1	485-, RS-485 transmission line, negative	
3	485+, RS-485 transmission line, positive	

RS422 Function

PIN	DESCRIPTION	
1	422TXD-, RS-422 transmission line, negative	
2	422RXD+, RS-422 receiving line line, positive	
3	422TXD+, RS-422 transmission line, positive	
4	422RXD-, RS-422 receiving line, negative	

■ 1.7 Connectors

Serial ATA II Connector : SATA1, SATA2

This connector is a high-speed Serial ATA II interface port. Each connector can connect to one Serial ATA II device.



Important

Please do not fold the Serial ATA cable into 90-degree angle. Otherwise, data loss may occur during transmission.

SPI Flash ROM Connector : JSP1

This connector is used to flash SPI flash ROM.



PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SINNAL
1	VCC3_SB	2	VCC3_SB
3	SPI_MISO_F	4	SPI_MOSI_F
5	SPI_CS0_F#	6	SPI_CLK_F
7	GND	8	GND
9	SPI_HOLD#	10	NC

Keyboard/Mouse Connector : JKBMS1

This connector is used to connector PS/2 keyboard & mouse.

JKBMS1

9			Π		1
9 10	旦	回	민	▣	2

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SINNAL
1	VCC5	2	VCC5
3	NC	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	MSCLK_PH#	8	KBCLK_PH#
9	MSDAT_PH#	10	KBDAT_PH#

Serial Port Connector :J2

This connector is a 16550A high speed communications port that sends/receives 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach serial devices to it through the optional serial port bracket.



PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SINNAL
1	COM_NDCD2	21	COM_NDCD4
2	COM_NRD2	22	COM_NRD4
3	COM_NTD2	23	COM_NTD4
4	COM_NDTR2	24	COM_NDTR4
5	GND	25	GND
6	COM_NDSR2	26	COM_NDSR4
7	COM_NRTS2	27	COM_NRTS4
8	COM_NCTS2	28	COM_NCTS4
9	VCC_COM2	29	VCC_COM4
10	No Connection	30	No Connection
11	COM_NDCD3	31	COM_NDCD5
12	COM_NRD3	32	COM_NRD5
13	COM_NTD3	33	COM_NTD5
14	COM_NDTR3	34	COM_NDTR5
15	GND	35	GND
16	COM_NDSR3	36	COM_NDSR5
17	COM_NRTS3	37	COM_NRTS5
18	COM_NCTS3	38	COM_NCTS5
19	VCC_COM3	39	COM_NRI5
20	No Connection	40	No Connection

Digital IO Connector : J3

This connector is provided for the General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) peripheral module.



PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SINNAL
1	GND	2	VCC5
3	N_GPO 3	4	N_GPO1
5	N_GPO 2	6	N_GPO 0
7	N_GPI 3	8	N_GPI 1
9	N_GPI 2	10	N_GPI 0

Front Panel Connector : JFP1

This front panel connector is provided for electrical connection to the front panel switches & LEDs and is compliant with Intel Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.



PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	HD_LED +	Hard disk LED pull-up
2	PWR/SLP GND	MSG LED pull-down to GND
3	HD_LED -	Hard disk active LED
4	FP PWR/SLP	MSG LED pull-up
5	RST_SW -	Reset Switch low reference pull-down to GND
6	PWR_SW -	Power Switch low reference pull-down to GND
7	RST_SW +	Reset Switch high reference pull-up
8	PWR_SW +	Power Switch high reference pull-up
9	RSVD_DNU	Reserved. Do not use.
10	KEY	Кеу

Front Panel Audio Connector : JAUD1

This connector allows you to connect the front panel audio and is compliant with Intel Front Panel I/O Connectivity Design Guide.

JAUD1						
2 1						10 9

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	MIC L	Microphone - Left channel
2	GND	Ground
3	MIC_R	Microphone - Right channel
4	PRESENCE#	Active low signal-signals BIOS that a High Definition Audio dongle is connected to the analog header. PRESENCE# = 0 when a High Definition Audio dongle is connected
5	LINE out_R	Analog Port - Right channel
6	MIC_JD	Jack detection return from front panel microphone JACK1
7	Front_JD	Jack detection sense line from the High Definition Audio CODEC jack detection resistor network
8	NC	No connection
9	LINE out_L	Analog Port - Left channel
10	LINEout_JD	Jack detection return from front panel JACK2

LVDS Flat Panel Connector : JLVDS1

The LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signal) connector provides a digital interface typically used with flat panels. After connecting an LVDS interfaced flat panel to the JLVDS1, be sure to check the panel datasheet and set the JVDD1 jumper (p.18) to proper power voltage..

	JLVDS1
1	

_						
		CRT	LVDS	DVI	HDMI	
Γ	CRT	Ϊ	v	v	V	
Γ	LVDS	v		v	V	
	DVI	v	v		v	
	HDMI	v	v	v	/	

Display Matrix

SIGNAL	PIN		SIGNAL
+12V +12V GND GND LCD_VDD LDDC_DATA LVDS_VDDEM GND LA_DATA0 LA_DATA0 LA_DATA1 LA_DATA2 LA_CLK LA_DATA3 GND LB_DATA0 LB_DATA0 LB_DATA1 LB_DATA2 LB_CLK LB_DATA3 GND	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39	+12V +12V +12V VCC3/VCC5 LCD_VDD LDDC_CLK L_BKLTCTL L_BKLTEM LA_DATA0# LA_DATA0# LA_DATA2# LA_CLK# LA_DATA3# GND LB_DATA0# LB_DATA1# LB_DATA2# LB_CLK# LB_CLK# LB_DATA3# GND

Front USB Connector : JUSB1

This connector, compliant with Intel I/O Connectivity Design Guide, is ideal for connecting high-speed USB interface peripherals such as USB HDD, digital cameras, MP3 players, modems and the like.

JUSB1							
2 00008							

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SINNAL
1	USB_RSTR	2	GND
3	SBD1+	4	SBD0-
5	SBD1-	6	SBD0+
7	GND	8	USB_RSTR



Important

Note that the pins of VCC and GND must be connected correctly to avoid possible damage.

1.8 Jumpers

COM Port Power Jumper : JCOMP1

These jumpers specify the operation voltage of the onboard serial ports.

1002	1 💷 2	1 💷 2	1 💷 2	1 💷 2
3004	3 💷 4	3 💷 4	3 💷 4	3 💷 4
JCOMP1	VCC5	+12V	VCC5	+12V

Clear CMOS Jumper : JBAT1

There is a CMOS RAM onboard that has a power supply from an external battery to keep the data of system configuration. With the CMOS RAM, the system can automatically boot OS every time it is turned on. If you want to clear the system configuration, set the jumper to clear data..



Important

You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin while the system is off. Then return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on; it will damage the mainboard.

Backlight Connector & LVDS Power Jumper : JVDD1

The backlight connector is provided for LCD backlight options while the LVDS power jumper allows users to select the operation voltage of the LVDS interfaced flat panel...



PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) Express Slot

The PCI Express slot supports the PCI Express interface expansion card. The CON1 is a Mini PCI-E connector for wireless LAN, TV tuner, and Robson NAND Flash.



Important

When adding or removing expansion cards, make sure that you unplug the power supply first. Meanwhile, read the documentation for the expansion card to configure any necessary hardware or software settings for the expansion card, such as jumpers, switches or BIOS configuration.

1 2.1 System Introduction





2.2 Opening Chassis with Battery Kit

Step 1. There are four screws as shown in the picture.



Step 2. Unscrew four screws of the back cover as shown in the picture.



Step 3. Open the Back Cover.

2.3 Opening Chassis without Battery Kit

Step 1. Unscrew the four screws of the M ounting Bracket as shown in the picture.





.

Step 3. Open the Back Cover as shown in the picture.



2.4 Installing HDD with Battery Kit

Step 1. Put the HDD on the Back Cover as shown in the picture.



Step 2. Turn over the Back Cover and screw the four screws of the Back Cover as shown in the picture.



Step 3. Connect the HDD power cable and SATA cable to HDD as shown in the picture.



2.5 Installing HDD without Battery Kit

Step 1. Put the HDD on the Back Cover as shown in the picture.



Step 2. Turn over the Back Cover and screw the four screws of the Back Cover as shown in the picture.



Step 3. Connect the HDD power cable and SATA cable to HDD as shown in the picture.



2.6 Installing Memory

Step 1. Put Memory on this place as shown in the picture.

Step 2. Hold the Memory with its notch aligned with the Memory socket of the board and insert it at a 30-degree angle into the socket as shown in the picture.

Step 3. Fully insert the module into the socket until a "click" is heard as shown in the picture.

Step 4. Press down on the Memory so that the tabs of the socket lock on both sides of the module as shown in the picture.









■ 2.7 Installing SSD

Step 1. Put the SSD on the bracket as shown in the picture.



Step 2. Screw the one screw of the SSD holder as shown in the picture.



Step 3. Connect the SSD power cable and SATA cable to SSD as shown in the picture.



Step 4. See 2.5 Installing HDD

2.8 Installing 3G Module

Step 1. Hold the Module with its notch aligned with the socket of the board and insert it at a 30 degree angle into the socket as shown in the picture.

- **Step 2.** Screw one screw to the holder as shown in the picture.
- **Step 3.** Done as shown in the picture.



2.9 Installing SIM Card

Step 1. Use thin stick to push the button as shown in the picture.

Step 2. Take the holder away from FleetPC-4 as shown in the picture.

Step 3. Put your SIM Card into the holder as shown in the picture.

Step 4. Take the SIM card holder and Insert it into the socket as shown in the picture.

Step 5. Done.







2.10 Installing MINI PCI Express Expansion Card (WiFi Module)

Step 1. Put MINI PCIe Expansion Card on this place as shown in the picture.

Step 2. Hold the Module with its notch aligned with the socket of the board and insert it at a 30 degree angle into the socket as shown in the picture.

Step 3. Screw one screw to the holder as shown in the picture.

Step 4. Done as shown in the picture.









2.11 Installing Battery Module

Step 1. Screw two screws on the back cover as shown in the picture.



Step 2. Connect the Cable to UPS1 Connector as shown in the picture.



3.1 Entering The BIOS

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press (DEL) key to enter Setup.

Press DEL to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.

Important

- The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.
- Upon boot-up, the 1st line appearing after the memory count is the BIOS version. It is usually in the format.

FleetPC-4 Mainboard V1.0 073109 where :

1st digit refers to BIOS maker as A = AMI, W = AWARD, and P = PHOENIX

2nd - 5th digit refers to the model number.

6th digit refers to the chipset as I = Intel, N = NVIDIA, A = AMD and V = VIA.

7th - 8th digit refers to the customer as MS = all standard customers.

V1.0 refers to the BIOS was released.

073109 refers to the date this BIOS was released.

Control Keys

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process. When the message below appears on the screen, press (DEL) key to enter Setup.

<↑>	Move to the previous item
<↓>	Move to the next item
<←>	Move to the item in the left hand
<→>	Move to the item in the right hand
<enter></enter>	Select the item
<esc></esc>	Jumps to the Exit menu or returns to the main menu from a submenu
<+/PU>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<-/PD>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f1></f1>	General Help
<f9></f9>	Load Optimized Defaults
<f8></f8>	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
<f10></f10>	Save all the CMOS changes and exit

Getting Help

After entering the Setup menu, the first menu you will see is the Main Menu.

Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the arrow keys $(\uparrow\downarrow)$ to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol (as shown in the right view) appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use arrow keys ($\uparrow\downarrow$) to highlight the field and press <Enter> to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the control keys to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the <Esc >.

General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing <F1>. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.
■ 3.2 Main

-		-		SETUP UTIL	
Main	Advanced	Power	Boot	Tools	Exit
System System				:07:15] m 01/04/20	10]
	2 3		: [No : [Op : [WD : [No	xtor 6Y120 ht Detected htiarc DVD hC WD15EADS ht Detected ht Detected] RW AD-] :-00P8B]]
	ge Configur m Informati				

System Time

This setting allows you to set the system time. The time format is <Hour> <Minute> <Second>.

System Date

This setting allows you to set the system Date. The time format is <Day> <Month> <Date> <Year>.

Primary IDE Master/Slave, SATA 1/2

[Type]	Press PgUp/<+> or PgDn/<-> to select [Manual], [None] or [Auto] type. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use [Manual] to define your own drive type manually.
[LBA/Large Mode]	Enabling LBA causes Logical Block Addressing to be used in place of Cylinders, Heads and Sectors.
[Block (Multi-Sector Transfer)]	Any selection except Disabled determines the number of sec- tors transferred per block.
[PIO Mode]	Indicates the type of PIO (Programmed Input/Output)
[DMA Mode]	Indicates the type of Ultra DMA
[S.M.A.R.T.]	This allows you to activate the S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring Analysis & Reporting Technology) capabil- ity for the hard disks. S.M.A.R.T is a utility that monitors your disk status to predict hard disk failure. This gives you an op- portunity to move data from a hard disk that is going to fail to a safe place before the hard disk becomes offline.
[32 Bit Data Transfer]	Enables 32-bit communication between CPU and IDE controller

■ 3.3 Advanced

	Advanced	Boot	BIOS SETU Security	JP UTILITY Chipset	Power
Wait F CPU PCI/ Super Harder	Boot Num-Lock or 'F1' If E Configuratio PCIE Device rIO Configur ware Health r Off Delay	m Configur ation Configur			+ ↑ t E F F F E

CPU Configuration

Advanced
Configure advanced CPU settings
Manufacturer:Intel Intel(R) Atom(TM) CPU N270 @ 1.60GHz Frequency :1.60GHz FSB Speed :532MHz Cache Size :512 KB Ratio Actual Value:12
Max CPUID Value Limit [Disabled] Execute-Disable Bit Capability [Enabled] Hyper Threading Technology [Enabled] Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm) tech [Enabled]

» Max CPUID Value Limit

The Max CPUID Value Limit BIOS feature allows you to circumvent problems with older operating systems that do not support the Intel Pentium 4 processor with Hyper-Threading Technology. When enabled, the processor will limit the maximum CPUID input value to 03h when queried, even if the processor supports a higher CPUID input value. When disabled, the processor will return the actual maximum CPUID input value of the processor when queried.

» Execute Disable Bit Capability

Intel's Execute Disable Bit functionality can prevent certain classes of malicious "buffer overflow" attacks when combined with a supporting operating system. This functionality allows the processor to classify areas in memory by where application code can execute and where it cannot. When a malicious worm attempts to insert code in the buffer, the processor disables code execution, preventing damage or worm propagation.

» Hyper Threading Technology

The processor uses Hyper Threading technology to increase transaction rates and reduces end-user response times. The technology treats the two cores inside the processor as two logical processors that can execute instructions simultaneously. In this way, the system performance is highly improved. If you disable the function, the processor will use only one core to execute the instructions. Please disable this item if your operating system doesn't support HT Function, or unreliability and instability may occur.

» Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm) Tech

EIST (Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology) allows the system to dynamically adjust processor voltage and core frequency, which can result in decreased average power consumption and decreased average heat production.

PCI/ PCIE Device Configuration

Advanced	
Configure PCI/PCIE Device	3
USB Functions USB 2.0 Controller Audio Controller LAN Option ROM LAN Option ROM	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Auto] [Disabled] [Disabled]

» USB Functions

This setting specifies the operation mode of the onboard USB controller.

» USB 2.0 Controller

This setting enables/disables the onboard USB controller.

» Audio Controller

This setting enables / disable the onboard USB controller.

» LAN Option ROM

The items enable or disable the initiation of the onboard LAN Boot ROMs during bootup. Selecting [Disabled] will speed up the boot process.

General Configuration

Advanced	
Configure Ite8783 Super 1	(O Chipset
Serial Port1 Address	[3F8]
Serial Port1 Mode Serial Port2 Address	[RS232] [Disabled]
Serial Port3 Address	[3E8]
Serial Port3 IRO	[11]
Serial Port3 Mode	[Normal]
Serial Port4 Address	[2E8]
Serial Port4 IRQ	[11]
Serial Port4 Mode	[Normal]
Serial Port5 Address	[2F0]
Serial Port5 IRQ	[5]
Serial Port5 Mode	[Normal]
Serial Port6 Address	[Disabled]
Watch Dog Watch Dog timer Mode	[Enabled] [Enable for Min]
Watch Dog Timer Houe	
watch bog i mer	

» Serial Port 1/2/3/4/5/6 Address, Serial Port 3/4/5 IRQ

Select an address and a corresponding interrupt for the specified serial ports.

» Serial Port 3/4/5 Mode

These settings specify the operation mode of the specified serial prots.

» Watch Dog

You can enable the system watch-dog timer, a heardware timer that generates either an NMI or a reset when the software that it monitors does not respond as expected each time the watch Dog Timer action.

» Watch Dog Timer Mode

The setting specifies the Watch Dog Timer action.

» Watch Dog Timer

The setting specifies the Watch Dog Timer time out value.

Hardware Health Configuration

These items display the current status of all monitored hardware devices/components such as voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Advanced			
Hardware Health Configuration			
CPU Temperature	:43°C/109°F		
CPU Core	:1.184 V		
Vcc5	:4.972 V		
+12.0V	:11.520 V		

Power off Delay Time & DIO Configuration



Power-off delay time is selectable by BIOS to disable and enable in 5 min / 2Hrs.
 GPO Setting configure special GPO data.

3.4 Boot

Main Advanced <mark>Boot</mark>	BIOS SETUP UTILITY Security Chipset F	Power Exit
<pre>1st Boot Device 2nd Boot Device 3rd Boot Device Try Other Boot Devices > Hard Disk Drives > CD/DVD Drives > USB Drives</pre>	[SATA:3M-Hitachi HT] [CD/DVD:3S-ATAPI iH] [USB:MITSUMI USB FD] [No]	Specifies the boot sequence from the available devices. A device enclosed in parenthesis has been disabled in the corresponding type menu. ↔ Select Screen 14 Select Item +- Change Option F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (C) Copyrig	ght 1985-2006, American Me	gatrends, Inc.

» 1st/2nd/3rd Boot Device

The items allow you to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

» Try Other Boot Devices

Setting the option to [Enabled] allows the system to try to boot from other device if the system fail to boot from the 1st/2nd/3rd boot device.

» Hard Disk Drives, CD/DVD Drives, USB Drives

These settings allow you to set the boot sequence of the specified devices.

English

3.5 Security

			BIOS SETU			
Main	Advanced	Boot	Security		Power	Exit
-	visor Password Password	l :Not In :Not In				all or Change the word
	e Supervisor 1 e User Passwor					
	Sector Virus I Write Protect		n EDisable EEnable			
					↔ †↓ Ente F1 F10 ESC	
	v02.61 ((C) Copyr ig	ht 1985-200	6, American	Megatren	ds, Inc.

» Supervisor Password / Change Supervisor Password

Supervisor Password controls access to the BIOS Setup utility. These settings allow you to set or change the supervisor password.

» User Password / Change User Password

User Password controls access to the system at boot. These settings allow you to set or change the user password.

» Boot Sector Virus Protection

This function protects the BIOS from accidental corruption by unauthorized users or computer viruses. When enabled, the BIOS data cannot be changed when attempting to update the BIOS with a Flash utility. To successfully update the BIOS, you will need to disable this Flash Protection function.

■ 3.6 Chipset

	IOS SETUP UTILITY curity Chipset	Power Exit
WARNING: Setting wrong values may cause system to ma Internal Graphics Mode Select DVMT Mode Select DVMT/FIXED Memory Boot Display Device Force LVDS Inactive	in below sections alfunction.	Select the amount of system memory used by the Internal graphics device. ←→ Select Screen 14 Select Item ←→ Change Option
		F1 General Help F10 Save and Exit ESC Exit
v02.61 (C) Copyright (1985-2006, American	n Megatrends, Inc.

» Internal Graphics Mode Select

The field specifies the size of system memory allocated for video memory.

» DVMT Mode Select

Intel's Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT) allows the system to dynamically allocate memory resources according to the demands of the system at any point in time. The key idea in DVMT is to improve the efficiency of the memory allocated to either system or graphics processor.

DVMT/FIXED Memory

When set to DVMT/FIXED Mode, the graphics driver will allocate a fixed amount of memory as dedicated graphics memory, as well as allow more system memory to be dynamically allocated between the graphics processor and the operating system.

» Boot Display Device

Use the field to select the type of device you want to use as the display(s) of the system.

» Force LVDS Inactive

This setting determines whether to force the LVDS inactive or not.

3.7 Power

	C <mark>OS SETUP UTILITY</mark> curity Chipset <mark>P</mark> d	wer Exit
ACPI Aware O/S Suspend mode Restore on AC Power Loss Advanced Resume Event Controls USB Device Wakeup From S3/S4 Resume On LAN Resume On PME# Resume On RTC Alarm	lYes] [Auto] [Last State] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Enable / Disable ACPI support for Operating System. ENABLE: If OS supports ACPI. DISABLE: If OS does not support ACPI.
v02.61 (C)Copuright 1	1985-2006, American Meg	atrends, Inc.

» ACPI Aware O/S

This setting enables/disables ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) support for Operating System. Set to [No] if your OS doesn't support ACPI and set to [Yes] if ACPI is supported.

» Suspend Mode

This item specifies the power saving modes for ACPI function. If your operating system supports ACPI, you can choose to enter the Standby mode in S1 (POS) or S3 (STR) fashion through the setting of this field.

» Restore on AC Power Loss

This setting specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Available settings are:

[Power Off]	Leaves the computer in the power off state.
[Power On]	Leaves the computer in the power on state.
[Last State]	Restores the system to the previous status before power failure or interrupt occured.

» USB Device Wakeup From S3/S4

This setting allows the activity of the USB device to wake up the system from the S3/S4 sleep state.

» Resume On LAN

This field specifies whether the system will be awadened from power saving modes when activity or input signal of onboard LAN is detected.

» Resume On PME#

When setting to [Enabled], the feature allows your system to be awakended from the power saving modes through any event on PME (Power management Event):

» Resume On RTC Alarm

When [Enable], you can set the date and time at which the RTC (Real-Time Clock) alarm awakens the system from suspend mode.

3.8 Exit

			BIOS SETU				
Main	Advanced	Boot	Security	Chipset	Pou	ver	Exit
Save C Discar Discar Load O	Advanced hanges and E: d Changes and d Changes gtimal Defau ailsafe Defau	xit d Exit lts	<u>Security</u>	Chipset	Pou	Exit afte chan for for t↓	system setup r saving the ges. key can be used this operation. Select Screen Select Item r Go to Sub Screen
						F1 F10 ESC	Save and Exit
	v02.61 (C) Copyr i	ght 1985-200	6, American	Mega	atren	ds, Inc.

» Save Changes and Exit

Save changes to CMOS and exit the Setup Utility.

» Discard Changes and EXit

Abandon all changes and exit the Setup Utility.

» Discard Changes

Abandon all changes and continue with the Setup Utility.

» Load Optimal Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the mainboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the mainboard.

» Load Failsafe Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the BIOS vendor for stable system performance.

■ 4.1 Watch Dog Timer Setting

Software code SIO_IDX equ 2Eh SIO_DTA equ 2Fh Timer equ 10; reset after 10 seconds							
1. Enter	configuration mode						
mov	dx,SIO_IDX						
mov	al,87h						
out	dx,al						
mov	al,01h						
out	dx,al						
mov	al,55h						
out	dx,al						
out	dx,al						
2. Set to	LDN 07						
mov	dx,SIO_IDX						
mov al,07h							
out dx,al							
mov	dx,SIO_DTA						
mov	al,07h						
out	dx,al						
3. Set WatchDog Timer							
	dx,SIO_IDX						
mov	al,073h						
out dx,al							
mov dx,SIO_DTA							
mov	mov al,Timer						
out dx,al							
4. Exit configuration mode							
mov	dx,SIO_IDX						
mov al,02h							
out dx,al							
mov dx,SIO_DTA							
out dx,al							
-							

■ 4.2 GPIO Setting

; Read GPI0-GPI3 DAT	A
mov dx, 0a25h	
in al, dx	; al = GPI0-GPI7 data
	; BIT7=GPI7, BIT6=GPI6, BIT5=GPI5, BIT4=GPI4
	; BIT3=GPI3, BIT2=GPI2, BIT1=GPI1, BIT0=GPI0
; Write GPO0-GPO3	
mov dx, 0a25h	
in al, dx	
or al, 11110000h	; Set GPO0-GPO3 = High
and al, 00001111h	; Set GPO0-GPO3 = Low
out dx, al	
,	

■ 4.3 AMI Post Code

» Bootblock Initialization Code Checkpoints

The Bootblock initialization code sets up the chipset, memory and other components before system memory is available. The following table describes the type of checkpoints that may occur during the bootblock initialization portion of the BIOS:

Checkpoint	Description		
Before D1Early chipset initialization is done. Early super I/O initializationdone including RTC and keyboard controller. NMI is disable			
D1 Perform keyboard controller BAT test. Check if waking up from power management suspend state. Save power-on CPUID va scratch CMOS.			
D0 Go to flat mode with 4GB limit and GA20 enabled. Verify the block checksum.			
D2	Disable CACHE before memory detection. Execute full memory siz- ing module. Verify that flat mode is enabled.		
D3	If memory sizing module not executed, start memory refresh and do memory sizing in Bootblock code. Do additional chipset initialization. Re-enable CACHE. Verify that flat mode is enabled.		
D4	Test base 512KB memory. Adjust policies and cache first 8MB. Set stack.		
D5	Bootblock code is copied from ROM to lower system memory and control is given to it. BIOS now executes out of RAM.		
D6	Both key sequence and OEM specific method is checked to deter- mine if BIOS recovery is forced. Main BIOS checksum is tested. If BIOS recovery is necessary, control flows to checkpoint E0. See Bootblock Recovery Code Checkpoints section of document for more information.		
D7	Restore CPUID value back into register. The Bootblock-Runtime interface module is moved to system memory and control is given to it. Determine whether to execute serial flash.		
D8	The Runtime module is uncompressed into memory. CPUID informa- tion is stored in memory.		
D9	Store the Uncompressed pointer for future use in PMM. Copying Main BIOS into memory. Leaves all RAM below 1MB Read-Write including E000 and F000 shadow areas but closing SMRAM.		
DA	Restore CPUID value back into register. Give control to BIOS POST (ExecutePOSTKernel). See POST Code Checkpoints section of document for more information.		

» POST Code Checkpoins

The POST code checkpoints are the largest set of checkpoints during the BIOS pre-boot process. The following table describes the type of checkpoints that may occur during the POST portion of the BIOS:

Checkpoint	Description
03	Disable NMI, Parity, video for EGA, and DMA controllers. Initialize BIOS, POST, Runtime data area. Also initialize BIOS modules on POST entry and GPNV area. Initialized CMOS as mentioned in the Kernel Variable "wCMOSFlags."
04	Check CMOS diagnostic byte to determine if battery power is OK and CMOS checksum is OK. Verify CMOS checksum manually by reading storage area. If the CMOS checksum is bad, update CMOS with power-on default values and clear passwords. Initialize status register A. Initializes data variables that are based on CMOS setup questions. Initializes both the 8259 compatible PICs in the system.
05	Initializes the interrupt controlling hardware (generally PIC) and interrupt vector table.
06	Do R/W test to CH-2 count reg. Initialize CH-0 as system timer. Install the POSTINT1Ch handler. Enable IRQ-0 in PIC for system timer interrupt. Traps INT1Ch vector to "POSTINT1ChHandlerBlock."
08	Initializes the CPU. The BAT test is being done on KBC. Program the keyboard controller command byte is being done after Auto detection of KB/MS using AMI KB-5.
0A	Initializes the 8042 compatible Key Board Controller.
0В	Detects the presence of PS/2 mouse.
0C	Detects the presence of Keyboard in KBC port.
0E	Testing and initialization of different Input Devices. Also, update the Kernel Variables. Traps the INT09h vector, so that the POST INT09h handler gets control for IRQ1. Uncompress all available language, BIOS logo, and Silent logo modules.

Checkpoint	Description
13	Early POST initialization of chipset registers.
24	Uncompress and initialize any platform specific BIOS modules.
30	Initialize System Management Interrupt.
2A	Initializes different devices through DIM. See DIM Code Checkpoints section of document for more information.
2C	Initializes different devices. Detects and initializes the video adapter installed in the system that have optional ROMs.
2E	Initializes all the output devices.
31	Allocate memory for ADM module and uncompress it. Give control to ADM module for initialization. Initialize language and font modules for ADM. Activate ADM module.
33	Initializes the silent boot module. Set the window for displaying text information.
37	Displaying sign-on message, CPU information, setup key message, and any OEM specific information.
38	Initializes different devices through DIM. See DIM Code Checkpoints section of document for more information.
39	Initializes DMAC-1 & DMAC-2.
3A	Initialize RTC date/time.
3В	Test for total memory installed in the system. Also, Check for DEL or ESC keys to limit memory test. Display total memory in the system.
3C	Mid POST initialization of chipset registers.
40	Detect different devices (Parallel ports, serial ports, and coprocessor in CPU, etc.) successfully installed in the system and update the BDA, EBDAetc.
50	Programming the memory hole or any kind of implementation that needs an adjustment in system RAM size if needed.
52	Updates CMOS memory size from memory found in memory test. Allocates memory for Extended BIOS Data Area from base memory.
60	Initializes NUM-LOCK status and programs the KBD typematic rate.
75	Initialize Int-13 and prepare for IPL detection.
78	Initializes IPL devices controlled by BIOS and option ROMs.
7A	Initializes remaining option ROMs.
7C	Generate and write contents of ESCD in NVRam.

Checkpoint	Description		
84	Log errors encountered during POST		
85	Display errors to the user and gets the user response for error.		
87	Execute BIOS setup if needed / requested.		
8C	Late POST initialization of chipset registers.		
8E	Program the peripheral parameters. Enable/Disable NMI as selected		
90	Late POST initialization of system management interrupt.		
A0	Check boot password if installed.		
A1	Clean-up work needed before booting to OS.		
A2 Takes care of runtime image preparation for different BIOS mo Fill the free area in F000h segment with 0FFh. Initializes the Microsoft IRQ Routing Table. Prepares the runtin guage module. Disables the system configuration display if new			
A4	Initialize runtime language module.		
A7	Displays the system configuration screen if enabled. Initialize the CPU's before boot, which includes the programming of the MTRR's.		
A8	Prepare CPU for OS boot including final MTRR values.		
A9	Wait for user input at config display if needed.		
AA	Uninstall POST INT1Ch vector and INT09h vector. Deinitializes the ADM module.		
AB	Prepare BBS for Int 19 boot.		
AC	End of POST initialization of chipset registers.		
B1	Save system context for ACPI.		
00	Passes control to OS Loader (typically INT19h).		

■ 4.4 Resource List

» ICH7M GPIO

Pin	GPIO	Туре	Multiplexed with	Power	Connect
AB18	GPIO0	I/O	BM_BUSY#	VCC3	PM_BMBUSY#
C8	GPIO1	I/O	REQ[5]#	VCC5	PREQ#5
G8	GPIO2	I/OD	PIRQE#	VCC5	VCC3
F7	GPIO3	I/OD	PIRQF#	VCC5	VCC3
F8	GPIO4	I/OD	PIRQG#	VCC5	VCC3
G7	GPIO5	I/OD	PIRQH#	VCC5	VCC3
AC21	GPIO6	I/O	Unmultiplexed	VCC3	ATADET0
AC18	GPIO7	I/O	Unmultiplexed	VCC3	SIO_OVT#
E21	GPIO8	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	PANEL+
E20	GPIO9	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	PANEL-
A20	GPIO10	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	VOLUME+
B23	GPIO11	I/O	SMBALERT#	3VSB	SMBALERT#
F19	GPIO12	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	SPI_HOLD_GPO#
E19	GPIO13	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	SIO_PME#
R4	GPIO14	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	VOLUME
E22	GPIO15	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	3VSB
AC22	GPIO16	I/O	DPRSLPVR	VCC3	DPRSLPVR
D8	GPIO17	I/O	GNT5#	VCC3	PGNT#5
AC20	GPIO18	I/O	STPPCI#	VCC3	PM_STPPCI#
AH18	GPIO19	I/O	SATA1GP	VCC3	SATA1GP
AF21	GPIO20	I/O	STPCPU#	VCC3	PM_STPCPU#
AF19	GPIO21	I/O	SATA0GP	VCC3	SATA0GP
A13	GPIO22	I/O	REQ4#	VCC3	PREQ#4
AA51	GPIO23	I/O	LDRQ1#	VCC3	LPC_DRQ#1
B3	GPIO24	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	BIOS_WP#
D20	GPIO25	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	WLAN_PWRON
A21	GPIO26	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	NC
B12	GPIO27	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	NC
E23	GPIO28	I/O	Unmultiplexed	3VSB	NC
C3	GPIO29	I/O	OC5#	3VSB	3VSB

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Pin	GPIO	Туре	Multiplexed with	Power	Connect
A2	GPIO30	I/O	OC6#	3VSB	3VSB
B3	GPIO31	I/O	OC7#	3VSB	3VSB
AG18	GPIO32	I/O	CLKRUN#	VCC3	CLKRUN#
AC19	GPIO33	I/O	AZ_DOCK_EN#	VCC3	PRES2
U2	GPIO34	I/O	AZ_DOCK_RST#	VCC3	PRES3
AD21	GPIO35	I/O	SATACLKREQ#	VCC3	PRES1
AH19	GPIO36	I/O	SATA2GP	VCC3	SATA2GP
AE19	GPIO37	I/O	SATA3GP	VCC3	SATA3GP
AD20	GPIO38	I/O	Unmultiplexed	VCC3	NC
AE20	GPIO39	I/O	Unmultiplexed	VCC3	NC
A14	GPIO48	I/O	GNT4#	VCC3	PGNT#4
AG24	GPIO49	I/O	CPUPERGD	VTT	CPU_PWRGD